# Final seminar Life Coast Benefit 14 may 2019

**A short introduction with three examples from the project by Anna Ingvarsson, Marcelle Johansson and Magnus Grimheden**

Questions and reminders:  
One of the challenges in a LIFE-project is to secure the management after the project. Subsidies from the RDP Rural development program is one option.  
During the project time it´s different solutions at different places. At Södra Malmö there’s a tenant and the project is financing 2 years grazing and then the tenant gets subsidies. The tenants apply for 5 years periods.  
At Ämtö, the landowner (the municipality) apply for subsidies and has contracts with farmers who brings animals to the island.

At Rågö the tenants apply for the subsidies, some parts of the grazingarea are not possible to apply for.

Remember to take pictures before and after your actions! It´s worth it to evaluate and visualize your work. Even for the commission a picture says more than 1000 words.

When you work with roads its good to think twice about the material and if you can do adjustments to create good habitat for insects. Sand and gravel can be important materials for them.

**The archipelago and biological cultural heritage by Tommy Ek**

SEPA have decided that they will take part in all new LIFE-projects, financing and participating.

SEPA is arranging courses with Riksantikvarieämbetet about biological heritage and the use of old maps to read the landscape. At Askö, in Södermanland, they use a lot of maps when planning the actions.

In Finland there is an example of a project where cultural heritage is included in the LIFE-project.

Vikki noted that biological cultural heritage is a positive term today and that there’s been a change in attitude during the past decades. It´s important that we use our cultural knowledge to manage the biodiversity and the use of different grazing animals are valuable.